

2.2

Angle Bisectors

Goal Bisect an angle.

VOCABULARY

Angle bisector

Example 1 Find Angle Measures

\overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$, and $m\angle ABC = 110^\circ$. Find $m\angle ABD$ and $m\angle DBC$.

Solution

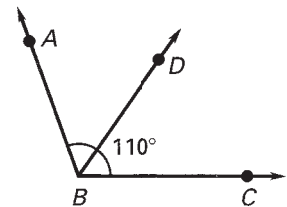
\overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$, so $m\angle ABD$ is half of $m\angle ABC$.

$$m\angle ABD = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m\angle ABC$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 110^\circ$$

$$= 55^\circ$$

Answer $m\angle DBC = m\angle ABD = 55^\circ$



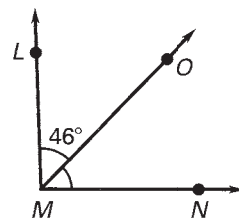
Checkpoint \overrightarrow{HK} bisects $\angle GHJ$. Find $m\angle GHK$ and $m\angle K H J$.

<p>1.</p>	<p>2.</p>	<p>3.</p>
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Example 2 Angle Measures and Classification

\overrightarrow{MO} bisects $\angle LMN$, and $m\angle LMO = 46^\circ$.

- Find $m\angle OMN$ and $m\angle LMN$.
- Determine whether $\angle LMN$ is *acute*, *right*, *obtuse*, or *straight*. Explain.



Solution

- \overrightarrow{MO} bisects $\angle LMN$, so $m\angle LMO = m\angle OMN$.

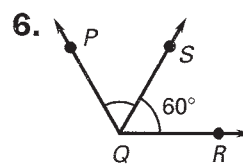
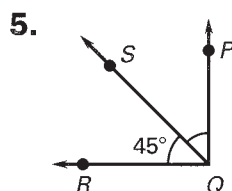
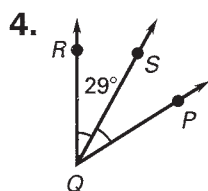
$$m\angle OMN = m\angle LMO = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

The measure of $\angle LMN$ is twice the measure of $\angle LMO$.

$$m\angle LMN = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot m\angle LMO = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cdot \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

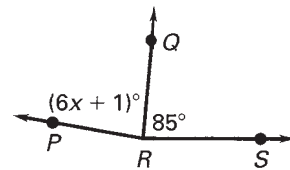
- $\angle LMN$ is because its measure is between 90° and 180° .

✓ **Checkpoint** \overrightarrow{QS} bisects $\angle PQR$. Find $m\angle SQP$ and $m\angle PQR$. Then tell whether $\angle PQR$ is *acute*, *right*, *obtuse*, or *straight*.



Example 3 Use Algebra with Angle Measures

\overrightarrow{RQ} bisects $\angle PRS$. Find the value of x .



Solution

$$m\angle PRQ = m\angle QRS$$

$$(\underline{\hspace{2cm}})^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$=$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

\overrightarrow{RQ} bisects $\angle PRS$.

Substitute the given angle measures.

Subtract $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ from each side.

Simplify.

Divide each side by $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

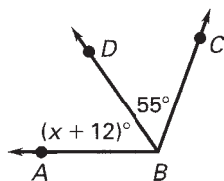
Simplify.

Follow-Up Check your answer for Example 3.

Substitute your value of x in the original equation to determine whether it is a solution.

✓ **Checkpoint** \overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$. Find the value of x .

7.



8.

